

# MIC-S90-BH-L 2179507-11

Hilti North America Installation Technical Manual Technical Data MI System

Version 1.2 08.2017



# Terms of common cooperation / Legal disclaimer

The product technical data published in these Technical Data Sheets are only valid for the mentioned codes or technical data generation methods and the defined application conditions (e.g. ambient temperature load capacity not valid in case of fire, data not valid in support structures when mixed with third party products, values only apply to static loading conditions). Technical data applies to the component only -- suitability and capacity of all other components must be checked separately by the responsible engineer (e.g., other assembly components, attachments, base materials, and building structures).

Suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications needs to be verified by conducting a system design and calculation, using for example Hilti PROFIS software. In addition, it is crucial to fully respect the Instructions for Use and to assure clean, unaltered and undamaged state of all products at any time in order to achieve optimum performance (e.g. avoid misuse, modification, overload, corrosion).

As products but also technical data generation methodologies evolve over time, technical data might change at any time without prior notice. We recommend to use the latest technical data sheets published by Hilti.

In any case the suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications need to be checked and cleared by an expert, particularly with regard to compliance with applicable norms, codes, and project specific requirements, prior to using them for any specific facility. This book only serves as an aid to interpret the capacity of the components listed, without any guarantee as to the absence of errors, the correctness and the relevance of the results or suitability for a specific application. User must take all necessary and reasonable steps to prevent or limit damage. The suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications need to be confirmed with a professional designer and/or structural engineers to ensure compliance with User's specific jurisdiction and project requirements.



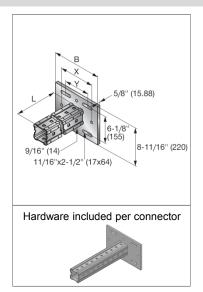
Designation	Item number
MIC-S90-BH-500	2179507
MIC-S90-BH-750	2179508
MIC-S90-BH-1000	2179509
MIC-S90-BH-1500	2179510
MIC-S90-BH-2000	2179511

#### **Corrosion protection:**

Hot dipped galvanized per ASTM A123 Girder - 2.95 mils (75 μm) minimum Plate - 3.94 mils (100 μm) minimum

Weight: MIC-S90-BH-500 MIC-S90-BH-750 MIC-S90-BH-1000 MIC-S90-BH-1500 MIC-S90-BH-2000 Description:

Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized bracket, typically used for fixation to a steel beam. The bracket is connected with beam clamps or using threaded rods through the slotted holes. Comes in different plate sizes to fit various steel beam sizes and in different lengths depending on application needs.



Material properties Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	E-modulus	Shear modulus
Bracket: ASTM A36 / A36M - 2014	$f_y = 36 \text{ ksi} (250 \frac{N}{mm^2})$	$f_u = 58 \text{ ksi} (400 \frac{N}{mm^2})$	<b>29000 ksi</b> (200000 $\frac{N}{mm^2}$ )	11000 ksi (75845 <u></u> )

30.25 lb (13720g)

35.45 lb (16080g)

40.63 lb (18430g)

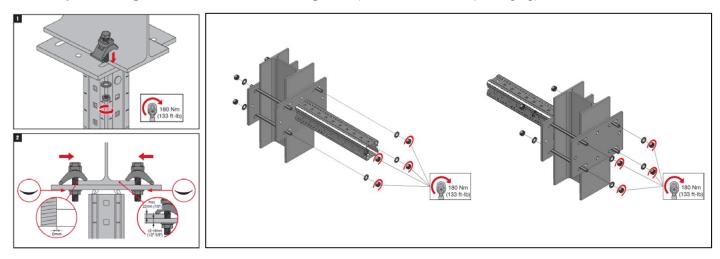
51.01 lb (23140g)

61.40 lb (27850g)

Instruction For Use: No IFU attached to the package

For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)





Approved loading cases				
Clamped	Boxed			

#### **Governing Conditions**

#### Methodology:

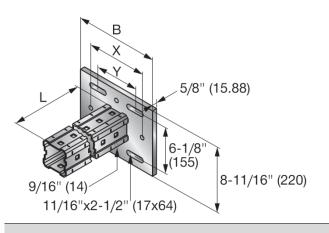
Connection strength values are determined with a combination of simulation (ANSYS<sup>®</sup>), calculation (Microsoft Excel and Mathcad) and testing.

#### Standards and codes:

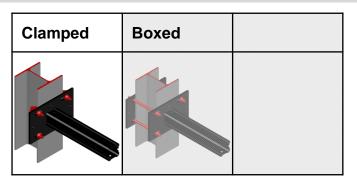
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•	ANSI/AISC 360-10	Specification for Structural Steel Buildings	
•	ANSI/AISC 360-10-	Inelastic analysis	
	Appendix 1		
•	AISC Steel Design	Column Base Plates	
	Guide Series 1		
•	AISI S100 - 2007/2010	North American Specification for the Design of cold	
		formed Steel Structural Members	
•	EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1:	03.2012
		General rules and rules for buildings	
•	EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8:	03.2012
		Design of joints	
•	EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels-Part 2: technical	02.2005
		delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	

#### Validity:

Temperature limits: -22°F (-30°C) to 200°F (+93°C). Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.







Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case:         Bracket         1x MIC-S90-BH-500       2179507         MIC-S90-BH-750       2179508         MIC-S90-BH-1000       2179509         MIC-S90-BH-1500       2179510         MIC-S90-BH-2000       2179511         Hardware not included in packaging:       Beam clamps         4x MI-SGC M16       387398	Bracket used for a perpendicular connection to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 6.5 " (165mm) - 9.25" (235mm).

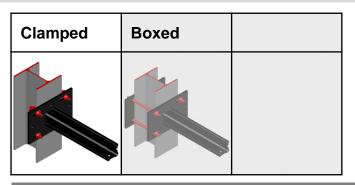
# Usage of Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength The Design Strength and Allowable Strength tables on the following pages include strength reduction factors: 1. ASD: Safety Factor (omega) > 1.0 as per AISC specifications. 2. LRFD: Strength Reduction Factor (phi) < 1.0 as per AISC specifications. Ω = $\frac{1.5}{\phi}$ (Reference AISC 360 C-B3-5) Factored loads are required for input to the given interaction equations. Factored loads are the responsibility of the user. Factored loads are noted as P, V and M Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables: 1. Bracket per FEA simulation 2. Welds – per analytical calculation 3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation 1. Bracket per FEA 2. Welds – per analytical calculation 3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation

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1. Bracket per FEA simulation



# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

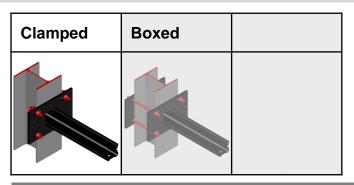
1/3

**NOTE**: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

#### +Fx -Fx +Fy -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 16.61 13.31 11.51 11.51 11.51 11.51 LRFD' -Mz +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 3.02 3.02 4.19 4.19 4.19 4.19 +Fy +Fx -Fx -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 11.05 15.51 7.66 7.66 7.66 7.66 ASD\* +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 2.01 2.01 2.79 2.79 2.79 2.79 Interaction for LRFD $\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{uy}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$ Interaction for ASD: $\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{av}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{az}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{av}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le 1$ \*Values already include LRFD strength reduction ( $\Phi$ ) or ASD safety ( $\Omega$ ) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.



2. Welds - per analytical calculation



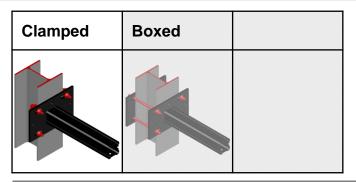
# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

2/3

**NOTE**: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

#### +Fx -Fx +Fy -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 58.00 58.00 27.34 27.34 27.34 27.34 LRFD' +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 7.36 7.36 4.56 4.56 4.56 4.56 +Fy +Fx -Fx -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 38.67 38.67 18.23 18.23 18.23 18.23 ASD\* +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 4.90 4.90 3.04 3.04 3.04 3.04 Interaction for LRFD $\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{uy}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$ Interaction for ASD: $\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{ay}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{az}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{ay}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le 1$ \*Values already include LRFD strength reduction ( $\Phi$ ) or ASD safety ( $\Omega$ ) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.



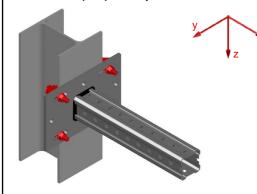


# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

3/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

#### 3. Beam Clamps - per analytical calculation



LRFD*	+Fx [kip]	-Fx [kip]	+Fy [kip]	-Fy [kip]	+Fz [kip]	-Fz [kip]
	21.58	Not decisive	2.32	2.32	2.32	2.32
	+Mx [kip*ft]	-Mx [kip*ft]	+My [kip*ft]	-My [kip*ft]	+Mz [kip*ft]	-Mz [kip*ft]
	0.83	0.83	5.10	5.10	4.71	4.71
	+Fx [kip]	-Fx [kip]	+Fy [kip]	-Fy [kip]	+Fz [kip]	-Fz [kip]
A 0 D *	14.39	Not decisive	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
ASD*	+Mx [kip*ft]	-Mx [kip*ft]	+My [kip*ft]	-My [kip*ft]	+Mz [kip*ft]	-Mz [kip*ft]
	0.55	0.55	3.40	3.40	3.14	3.14

#### Interaction for LRFD Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{M_{uy}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$$

#### Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE Pux loads (Pux > 0). Equation is not valid for compressive  $P_{ux}$  loads ( $P_{ux} < 0$ ). - For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify:  $P_{ux} / F_x < 1$ .

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{V_{uy}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{uz}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)} \le 1$$

### Interaction for ASD:

$$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{M_{ay}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le 1$$

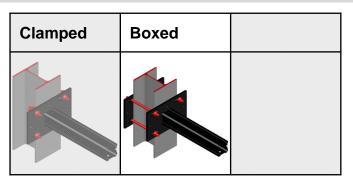
#### Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is <u>only</u> valid for TENSILE P<sub>ax</sub> loads (P<sub>ax</sub> > 0). Equation is <u>not</u> valid for compressive P<sub>ax</sub> loads (P<sub>ax</sub> < 0).</li>
   For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: P<sub>ax</sub> / F<sub>x</sub> < 1.</li>

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{V_{ay}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{az}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)} \le 1$$

\*Values already include LRFD strength reduction ( $\Phi$ ) or ASD safety ( $\Omega$ ) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry





Loading case: Boxed	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case: Bracket1x MIC-S90-BH-5002179507 MIC-S90-BH-7502179508 MIC-S90-BH-10002179509 MIC-S90-BH-15002179510 MIC-S90-BH-20002179511Hardware not included in packaging: Base plate2174675 Threaded rods cut to particular length 4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDGm419104 Lock washer 8x LW M16 HDG plus washer 2185343 Nut 8x M16-F nut304767	Bracket used for a perpendicular connection to flange of structural steel profiles. For flange width 6.5 " (165mm) - 9.25" (235mm).

# Usage of Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

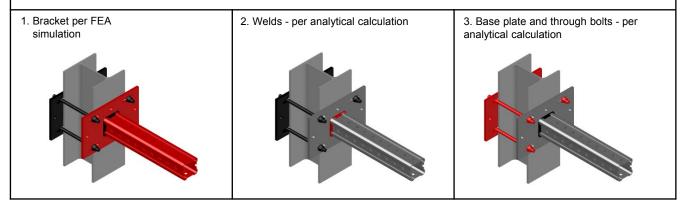
The Design Strength and Allowable Strength tables on the following pages include strength reduction factors:

1. <u>ASD:</u> Safety Factor (omega) > 1.0 as per AISC specifications.

**2.** <u>LRFD:</u> Strength Reduction Factor (phi) < 1.0 as per AISC specifications.  $\Omega = \frac{1.5}{\Phi}$  (Reference AISC 360 C-B3-5)

Factored loads are required for input to the given interaction equations. Factored loads are the responsibility of the user. Factored loads are noted as P, V and M

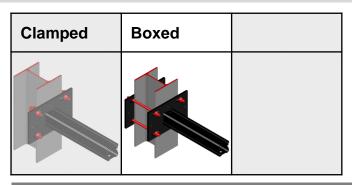
## Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:



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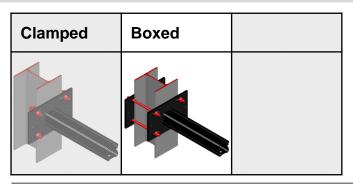
# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

1/3

**NOTE**: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

#### 1. Bracket per FEA simulation +Fx -Fx +Fy -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 16.84 23.31 11.51 11.51 11.51 11.51 LRFD' -Mz +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 3.02 3.02 4.19 4.19 4.19 4.19 +Fy +Fx -Fx -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 11.20 15.51 7.66 7.66 7.66 7.66 ASD\* +Mx -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] [kip\*ft] 2.01 2.01 2.79 2.79 2.79 2.79 Interaction for LRFD $\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{uv}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{uv}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$ Interaction for ASD: $\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{av}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{az}}{F_z} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x} + \frac{M_{av}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le 1$ \*Values already include LRFD strength reduction ( $\Phi$ ) or ASD safety ( $\Omega$ ) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.





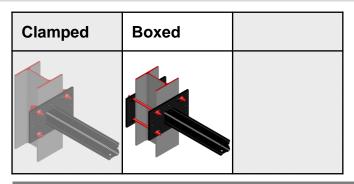
# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

2/3

**NOTE**: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

2. Welds - per analytical calcula	ition							
	y z LRF	+Fx [kip] 58.00 +Mx [kip*ft] 7.36	-Fx [kip] 58.00 -Mx [kip*ft] 7.36	+Fy [kip] 27.34 +My [kip*ft] 4.56	-Fy [kip] 27.34 -My [kip*ft] 4.56	+Fz [kip] 27.34 +Mz [kip*ft] 4.56	-Fz [kip] 27.34 -Mz [kip*ft] 4.56	
	ASE	+Fx [kip] 38.67 +Mx [kip*ft] 4.90	-Fx [kip] 38.67 -Mx [kip*ft] 4.90	+Fy [kip] 18.23 +My [kip*ft] 3.04	-Fy [kip] 18.23 -My [kip*ft] 3.04	+Fz [kip] 18.23 +Mz [kip*ft] 3.04	-Fz [kip] 18.23 -Mz [kip*ft] 3.04	
		ction for LRF + $\frac{V_{uv}}{F_y} + \frac{V_u}{F_z}$		$+\frac{M_{uv}}{M_{y}}+$	$-\frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$	1		
	Intera	ction for ASE	D:					
	$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}$ +	$+ \frac{V_{ay}}{F_y} + \frac{V_a}{F_z}$	$\frac{z}{z} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x}$	$+\frac{M_{ay}}{M_y}+$	$-\frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le T$	1		
		es already inclordance with <i>b</i>		•		. ,		) factor



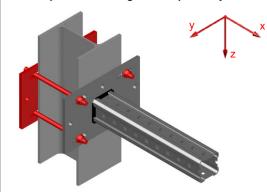


# Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

3/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

#### 3. Base plate and through bolts - per analytical calculation



ation						
LRFD*	+Fx [kip]	-Fx [kip]	+Fy [kip]	-Fy [kip]	+Fz [kip]	-Fz [kip]
	33.45	Not decisive	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.03
	+Mx [kip*ft]	-Mx [kip*ft]	+My [kip*ft]	-My [kip*ft]	+Mz [kip*ft]	-Mz [kip*ft]
	2.37	2.37	7.79	7.79	7.30	7.30
	+Fx [kip]	-Fx [kip]	+Fy [kip]	-Fy [kip]	+Fz [kip]	-Fz [kip]
ASD*	22.30	Not decisive	4.68	4.68	4.68	4.68
ASD	+Mx [kip*ft]	-Mx [kip*ft]	+My [kip*ft]	-My [kip*ft]	+Mz [kip*ft]	-Mz [kip*ft]
	1.58	1.58	5.19	5.19	4.87	4.87

#### Interaction for LRFD Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{M_{uy}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{uz}}{M_z} \le 1$$

#### Shear force interaction:

 Shear Interaction Equation is <u>only</u> valid for TENSILE P<sub>ux</sub> loads (P<sub>ux</sub> > 0). Equation is <u>not</u> valid for compressive  $P_{ux}$  loads ( $P_{ux} < 0$ ). - For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify:  $P_{ux} / F_x < 1$ .

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{V_{uy}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{uz}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)} \le 1$$

#### Interaction for ASD: Normal force interaction:

$$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{M_{ay}}{M_y} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_z} \le 1$$

#### Shear force interaction:

- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE Pax loads (Pax > 0). Equation is not valid for

compressive  $P_{ax}$  loads ( $P_{ax} < 0$ ). - For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify:  $P_{ax} / F_x < 1$ .

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{V_{ay}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{az}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)} \le 1$$

\*Values already include LRFD strength reduction ( $\Phi$ ) or ASD safety ( $\Omega$ ) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.



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Hilti (Canada) Corporation 2360 Meadowpine Blvd. Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 6S2 Customer Service: 1-800-363-4458 Fax: 1-800-363-4459

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The data contained in this literature was current as of the date of publication. Updates and changes may be made based on later testing. If verification is needed that the data is still current, please contact the Hilti Technical Support Specialists at 1-800-879-8000 (U.S.) or 1-800-363-4458 (Canada). All published load values contained in this literature represent the result of testing by Hilti or test organizations. Local base materials were used. Because of variations in materials, on-site testing is necessary to determinate performance at any specific site.